# **3** SCHMERSAL

EN	Operating instructions	pages	1 to 8
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## 1. About this document

#### 1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for the mounting, set-up and commissioning to ensure the safe operation and disassembly of the safety switchgear. The operating instructions must be available in a legible condition and a complete version in the vicinity of the device.

#### 1.2 Target group: authorised qualified personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out by trained specialist personnel, authorised by the plant operator only.

Please make sure that you have read and understood these operating instructions and that you know all applicable legislations regarding occupational safety and accident prevention prior to installation and putting the component into operation.

The machine builder must carefully select the harmonised standards to be complied with as well as other technical specifications for the selection, mounting and integration of the components.

#### 1.3 Explanation of the symbols used



#### Information, hint, note:

This symbol is used for identifying useful additional information.



**Caution:** Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to failures or malfunctions.

**Warning:** Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to physical injury and/or damage to the machine.

#### 1.4 Appropriate use

The products described in these operating instructions are developed to execute safety-related functions as part of an entire plant or machine. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer of a machine or plant to ensure the correct functionality of the entire machine or plant.

The safety switchgear must be exclusively used in accordance with the versions listed below or for the applications authorised by the manufacturer. Detailed information regarding the range of applications can be found in the chapter "Product description".

#### 1.5 General safety instructions

The user must observe the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the country specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.



Further technical information can be found in the Schmersal catalogues or in the online catalogue on the Internet: www.schmersal.net.

# Operating instructions Safety-monitoring module

The information contained in this operating instructions manual is provided without liability and is subject to technical modifications.

There are no residual risks, provided that the safety instructions as well as the instructions regarding mounting, commissioning, operation and maintenance are observed.

#### 1.6 Warning about misuse



In case of improper use or manipulation of the safety switchgear, personal hazards or damages to machinery or plant components cannot be excluded. The relevant requirements of the standards ISO 14119 and ISO 13850 must be observed.

#### 1.7 Exclusion of liability

We shall accept no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from defective mounting or failure to comply with this operating instructions manual. The manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from the use of unauthorised spare parts or accessories.

For safety reasons, invasive work on the device as well as arbitrary repairs, conversions and modifications to the device are strictly forbidden; the manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from such invasive work, arbitrary repairs, conversions and/or modifications to the device.

## 2. Product description

#### 2.1 Ordering code

This operating instructions manual applies to the following types:

#### SRB 200EXi-1R



Only if the information described in this operating instructions manual are realised correctly, the safety function and therefore the compliance with the Machinery Directive and the Explosion Protection Directive is maintained.

#### 2.2 Special versions

For special versions, which are not listed in the order code below 2.1, these specifications apply accordingly, provided that they correspond to the standard version.

#### 2.3 Purpose

The safety inputs of the SRB 200EXi-1R safety-monitoring module have an intrinsically safe design according to EN 60079-11 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-11). As associated, intrinsically safe equipment, the SRB can evaluate sensors located in the Zone 2 / 22, 1 / 21 and must be installed outside of the EX area in a suitable control box or control cabinet.

The SRB 200EXi-1R safety-monitoring module can also be used in Zone 2 areas, when mounted in a suitable enclosure with at least IP54 protection class according to EN 60079-15 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-15). The relay contacts for the safety enabling signal are designed with protection class nC, the terminals for the supply with nA and those for the signal inputs with ib.

The safety function is defined as the opening of release 13-14 when the inputs S11-S12 or S21-S22 are opened. The safety-relevant current path with output contact 13-14 meets the following requirements under observation of a  $B_{\text{10D}}$  value assessment (also refer to "Requirements of ISO 13849-1"):

- Control category 4 PL e to ISO 13849-1
- SIL 3 to IEC 61508-2
- SILCL 3 to IEC 62061

To determine the Performance Level (PL) to ISO 13849-1 of the entire safety function (e.g. sensor, logic, actuator), an assessment of all relevant components is required.



The entire concept of the control system, in which the safety component is integrated, must be validated to the relevant standards.

## 2.4 Technical data

2.4 Technical data General data	
Standards:	IEC 60204-1, IEC 60947-5-1,
Staridards.	ISO 13849-1. IEC 61508
Climate resistance:	EN 60068-2-78
	snaps onto standard DIN rail to EN 60715
Terminal designations:	IEC 60947-1
	astic, glass-fibre reinforced thermoplastic, ventilated
Material of the contacts:	AgSnO, self-cleaning, positive drive
Weight:	aprox. 230 g
Start conditions:	Automatic or start button
Feedback circuit (Y/N):	yes
Pull-in delay for automatic star	
Drop-out delay in case of emer	
Drop-out delay on "supply failu	
Bridging in case of voltage dro	
Mechanical data	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Connection type:	Screw connection
Cable section:	min. 0.25 mm² / max. 2.5 mm²
Connecting cable:	rigid or flexible
Tightening torque for the termi	
With removable terminals (Y/N	l): No
Mechanical life:	10 million operations
Electrical life:	Derating curve available on request
Resistance to shock:	10 g / 11 ms
Resistance to vibration	
in accordance with EN 60068-	2-6: 10 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm
Ambient conditions	05.00
Ambient temperature:	−25 °C +60 °C
Storage and transport temperary Protection class:	<u>ature:</u> _40 °C +85 °C Enclosure: IP40
FIOLECTION Class.	Terminals: IP20
	Clearance: IP54
Air clearances and creepage d	listances to IEC/EN 60664-1: 4 kV/2
/ c.ca.accc and c.copage a	(basic insulation), EN 60079-11
EMC rating:	to EMC Directive
Electrical dataElectrical data	
Contact resistance in new state	e: max. 100 mΩ
Power consumption:	max. 3.0 W
Rated operating voltage U <sub>e</sub> :	24 VDC -15% / +20%,
	residual ripple max. 10%
Frequency range:	50 / 60 Hz
Recommended fuse for the op	
	-F1: T 50 mA / 250 V
	-F2: T 100 mA / 250 V
Monitored inputs	
Cross-wire detection (Y/N):	Yes
Wire breakage detection (Y/N)	
Earth leakage detection (Y/N):	
Number of NO contacts:  Number of NC contacts:	0
Cable lengths:	see EX-relevant Data:
Conduction resistance:	see EX-relevant Data:
Outputs	SEE LA-IEIEVAIIL DALA.
Number of safety contacts:	2
Number of auxiliary contacts:	0
Number of signalling outputs:	0

## Operating instructions Safety-monitoring module

Switching capacity of the safety contacts:

13-14: max. 230 V, 3 A ohmic

(inductive in case of appropriate protective wiring)

min. 10 V / 10 mA 24 VDC / 2 A

Switching capacity of the auxiliary contacts: Fuse rating of the safety contacts: external (I<sub>R</sub> = 1000 A)

to IEC 60947-5-1

Voltage peak value 375 V

Safety fuse 4 A quick blow, 3.15 A slow blow

Fuse rating for the auxiliary contacts: external (I<sub>R</sub> = 1000 A) to IEC 60947-5-1

Safety fuse 2.5 A quick blow, 2 A slow blow Utilisation category to IEC 60947-5-1: AC-15: 230 V / 3 A DC-13: 24 V / 3 A

Dimensions H x W x D: 100 mm x 22.5 mm x 121 mm

The data specified in this manual is applicable when the component is operated with rated operating voltage U<sub>e</sub> ± 0%

#### **EX-relevant Data**

ATEX:	TÜV 08 ATEX 7522
- Designation:	
	(Input circuits in Zone 1, 21/2, 22)
ATEX, Zone 2:	TÜV 08 ATEX 7557 X
- Designation:	
IECEx:	IECEx TUR 15.0003, 15.0005X
- Designation:	[Ex ib Gb] IIC
	[Ex ib Db] IIIC
	Ex nA nC IIC T5 Gc
INMETRO:	DNV 14.0011
- Designation:	[Ex ib Gb] IIB
	[Ex ib Gb] IIC
	[Ex ib Db] IIIC
Maximum safety voltage U <sub>m</sub> :	253 VAC
	(caution: Um is not a rated voltage!)
Inputs:	S11-S12, S21-S22, X1-X3:
	[Ex ib Gb] IIC bzw. [Ex ib Db] IIIC
Temperature class:	T5
Voltage U <sub>o</sub> :	33.6 V
Current I <sub>o</sub> :	57.0 mA
Capacity P <sub>o</sub> :	478.8 mW (linear characteristic)
Separation (intrinsically safe / other	er circuits): safe separation according
	to EN 60079-11
	(ABTN NBR IEC 60079-11)

Gas group	II C			IIB						
External capacity Co (nF)	26	36	46	49	160	180	230	280	350	412
External inductivity Lo (mH)	4.0	2.0	1.0	0.5	38.0	5.0	2.0	1.0	0.5	0.2

#### Reference values for cable to EN 60079-14 (cable with 2 or 3 conductors):

 $C \approx 200 \text{ nF/km}, L \approx 1 \text{ mH/km} (C \approx 200 \text{ pF/m}, L \approx 1 \text{ }\mu\text{H/m})$ 

#### Reference values for cable with 3 to 6 conductors:

 $C \approx 400 \text{ nF/km}, L \approx 2 \text{ mH/km} (C \approx 400 \text{ pF/m}, L \approx 2 \text{ }\mu\text{H/m})$ 

## 2.5 Safety classification

Standards:	ISO 13849-1, IEC 61508
PL:	up to e
Control category:	up to 4
DC:	99% (high)
CCF:	> 65 points
PFH value:	≤ 2.00 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> /h
SIL:	up to 3
Mission time:	20 years

The PFH values of 2.00 x 10<sup>-8</sup>/h apply to the combinations of contact load (current through enabling contacts) and number of switching cycles (noply) mentioned in the table below. At 365 operating days per year and a 24-hours operation, this results in the below-mentioned switching cycle times (t<sub>cvcle</sub>) for the relay contacts. Diverging applications upon request.

Contact load	n <sub>op/y</sub>	t <sub>cycle</sub>
20 %	525,600	1.0 min
40 %	210,240	2.5 min
60 %	75,087	7.0 min
80 %	30,918	17.0 min
100 %	12,223	43.0 min

#### 3. Mounting

#### 3.1 General mounting instructions

Mounting: snaps onto standard DIN rails to EN 60715.

Snap the bottom of the enclosure slightly tilted forwards in the standard rail and push up until it latches in position.

#### 3.2 Mounting of the sensors

The installation of the intrinsically safe current circuits must be executed in accordance with the applicable standards EN 60079-14 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-14).



According to EN 60079-11 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-11), the following must be observed for the installation: a distance of ≥ 6 mm must be observed between the terminals of the intrinsically safe current circuits and other intrinsically safe current circuits. Between the terminals of the intrinsically safe current circuits and other, non-intrinsically safe current circuits, a distance of ≥ 50 mm must be observed. The commissioning and installation are to be executed by qualified professionals only.

### 3.3 Installation in Zone 2: particular conditions

The devices must be installed in control or junction boxes, which meet the requirements to EN 60079-15 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-11) and have at least protection class IP54 (Fig. 1). To respect temperature class T5, the device must have a free volume of at least 2,400 cm<sup>3</sup>.

Please make sure that you have read and understood these operating instructions and that you know all applicable legislations regarding occupational safety and accident prevention prior to installation and putting the component into operation.

The intrinsically safe current circuits of the device (light blue terminals) may be lead in explosion-endangered areas. In this case, it must be especially observed that they are safely separated from all nonintrinsically safe current circuits.



The connection and separation of the connections of nonintrinsically safe current circuits is not authorised in explosionendangered atmospheres.

Only use a damp cloth to clean the enclosure.

The service life of the safety-monitoring related to the ignition protection class "nC" is at least 15 years.

Upon expiration of this time, the safety-monitoring module must be replaced either returned to the manufacturer for check-up!



The temperature specifications (–25 °C ≤ Ta ≤ +60 °C) of the safety-monitoring module are related to a volume of the control cabinet of at least approx. 2,400 cm³ for each SRB. The distance with regard to other safety-monitoring module imperatively must be at least approx. 5 cm.

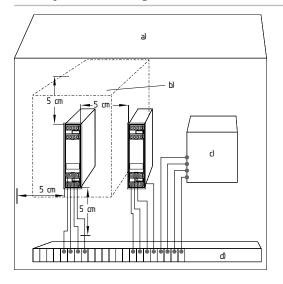


Fig. 1

- a) IP54 control box suitable for installation in Zone 2 according to EN 60079-15 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-15)
- b) Air around the safety-monitoring module approx. 2,400 cm $^3$  (8.25 × 16 × 18.1 cm)
- c) Protection (suitable for Zone 2)
- d) Clips (suitable for Zone 2)

#### Potential equalisation: wiring of the PA terminals (Fig. 2)

The grounding of intrinsically safe circuits must be carried out in accordance with the requirements EN 60079-14 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-14).



Fig. 2

#### 3.4 Dimensions

All measurements in mm.

Device dimensions (H/W/D): 100 x 22.5 x 121 mm

#### 4. Electrical connection

## 4.1 General information for electrical connection



As far as the electrical safety is concerned, the protection against unintentional contact of the connected and therefore electrically interconnected apparatus and the insulation of the feed cables must be designed for the highest voltage, which can occur in the device.



The electrical connection may only be carried out by authorised personnel in a de-energised condition.



To avoid EMC disturbances, the physical ambient and operational conditions at the place where the product is installed, must meet the provisions laid down in the paragraph "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)" of IEC 60204-1.

Wiring examples: see appendix

#### 5. Operating principle and settings

#### 5.1 LED functions

- K1: Status channel 1
- K2: Status channel 2
- U<sub>B</sub>: Status operating voltage (LED is on, when the operating voltage on the terminals A1-A2 is ON)
- U<sub>i</sub>: Status internal operating voltage (LED is on, when the operating voltage on the terminals A1-A2 is ON and the fuse has not been triggered).
- U<sub>EXi</sub>: Status internal operating voltage (LED is on, when the operating voltage on the terminals A1-A2 is ON and the fuse F1 has not been triggered)

#### 5.2 Description of the terminals

Voltages:	A1	+24 VDC
	A2	0 VDC
Inputs:	S11-S12	Input channel 1 (+)
	S21-S22	Input channel 2 (+)
	S21-S22	Input channel 2 (–)
		(with cross-wire short detection)
Outputs:	13-14/	Safety release
	23-24	
Start:	X1-X2	Feedback circuit and external reset



Signalling outputs must not be used in safety circuits.

#### 5.3 Operating principle

- The SRB 200EXi-1R is a dual-channel safety-monitoring module for monitoring emergency stop command devices, guard door monitors and magnetic safety switches.
- When the safety circuits S11-S12 and S21-S22 are closed and the feedback circuit X1-X3 is closed, the safety-monitoring module is started and the enabling circuits 13-14 and 23-24 are closed.
- The enabling circuit 13-14 and 23-24 is immediately opened when the emergency stop command device or another safety equipment is operated
- The safety-monitoring module can only be restarted, when both channels K1 and K2 have been enabled.

#### 5.4 Adjustment

### Opening the front cover (see Fig. 3)

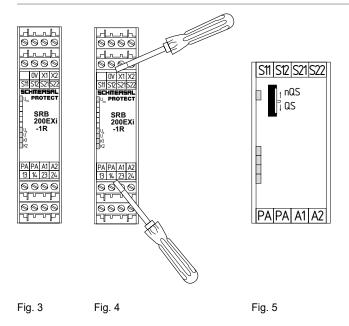
- To open the front cover, insert a slotted screwdriver in the top and bottom cover notch and gently lift it.
- When the front cover is open, the electrostatic discharge requirements must be respected and observed.
- After setting, the front cover must be fitted back in position.

#### Setting the switch (see Fig. 4)

- The cross-wire short monitoring function (factory setting) is programmed by means of the switch underneath the front cover of the safety-monitoring module.
- The switch must only be operated in de-energised condition by means of a finger or an insulated blunt tool.
- Pos. nQS (top): Not cross-wire short proof, suitable for 1-channel applications with outputs connected to potential in the control circuits.
- Pos. QS (bottom), Cross-wire short proof: suitable for 2-channel applications without outputs connected to potential in the control circuit s.



Only touch the components after electrical discharge!



### 6. Set-up and maintenance

#### 6.1 Functional testing

The safety function of the safety-monitoring module must be tested. The following conditions must be previously checked and met:

- 1. Correct fixing
- 2. Check the integrity of the cable entry and connections
- 3. Check the safety-monitoring module's enclosure for damage.
- Check the electrical function of the connected sensors and their influence on the safety-monitoring module and the downstream actuators

#### 6.2 Maintenance

A regular visual inspection and functional test, including the following steps, is recommended:

- 1. Check the correct fixing of the safety-monitoring module
- 2. Check the cable for damages
- 3. Check electrical function



The device has to be integrated into the periodic check-ups according to the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health/the ATEX Directive (99/92/CE), however at least 1x/year.

### Troubleshooting

No changes are allowed to devices, which are used in conjunction with explosion-endangered areas.

Repairs to the devices are not authorised either.

Damaged or defective components must be replaced.

#### 7. Disassembly and disposal

#### 7.1 Disassembly

The safety-monitoring module must be disassembled in a de-energised condition only.

Push up the bottom of the enclosure and hang out slightly tilted forwards.

#### 7.2 Disposal

The safety-monitoring module must be disposed of in an appropriate manner in accordance with the national prescriptions and legislations.

### 8. Appendix

#### 8.1 Wiring examples

- Relay outputs: Suitable for 2-channel control, for increase in capacity or number of contacts by means of contactors or relays with positiveguided contacts.
- The control system recognises wire-breakage, earth faults and crosswire shorts in the monitoring circuit.
- (H2) = Feedback circuit

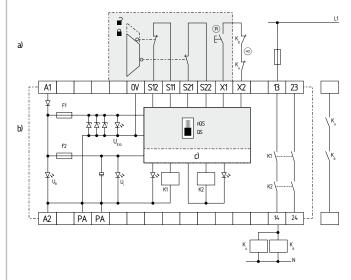


Fig. 6

- a) Installation in zone 1/21
- b) Installation in zone 2
- c) Logic
- d) Control

#### 8.2 Start configuration

External reset button (with edge detection) (see Fig. 7)

- The reset button is integrated in the feedback circuit in series as shown.
- The safety-monitoring module is activated by the reset (after release) of the reset button (= detection of the trailing edge).
- Faults in the reset button, e.g. welded contacts or manipulations which could lead to an inadvertent restart, are detected in this configuration and will result in an inhibition of the operation.
- The reset button is controlled through an individual intrinsically safe current circuit.
- To start the safety-monitoring module, the reset button may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"



Fig. 7

#### 8.3 Sensor configuration

## Single-channel emergency stop circuit with command devices to ISO 13850 (EN 418) and IEC 60947-5-5 (Fig. 8)

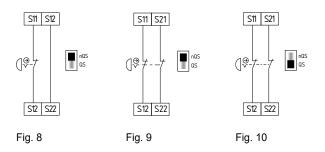
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the emergency stop command devices may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 1 PL c to ISO 13849-1 possible.

## Dual-channel emergency stop circuit with command devices to ISO 13850 (EN 418) and IEC 60947-5-5 (Fig. 9)

- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are not detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the emergency stop command devices may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 4 PL e to ISO 13849-1 possible (with protective wiring).

## Dual-channel emergency stop circuit with command devices to ISO 13850 (EN 418) and IEC 60947-5-5 (Fig. 10)

- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the emergency stop command devices may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 4 PL e to ISO 13849-1 possible.



## Single-channel guard door monitoring circuit with interlocking devices to ISO 14119 (Fig. 11)

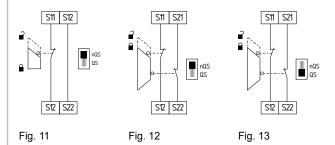
- At least one contact with positive break required.
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the interlocking devices may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 1 PL c to ISO 13849-1 possible.

## Dual-channel guard door monitoring circuit with interlocking device to ISO 14119 (see Fig. 12)

- At least one contact with positive break required.
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are not detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the interlocking devices may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 4 PL e to ISO 13849-1 possible (with protective wiring).

## Dual-channel guard door monitoring circuit with interlocking device to ISO 14119 (Fig. 13)

- At least one contact with positive break required.
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- · Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the interlocking devices may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 4 PL e to ISO 13849-1 possible.



## Dual-channel control of magnetic safety switches to IEC 60947-5-3 (see Fig. 14)

- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are not detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the magnetic safety sensors may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 3 PL e to ISO 13849-1 possible.

## Dual-channel control of magnetic safety switches to IEC 60947-5-3 (see Fig. 15)

- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- · Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are detected.
- For the safety circuits monitoring, the magnetic safety sensors may be designed as "simple electrical apparatus".
- Examples see chapter 9 Simple "electrical apparatus intrinsic safety"
- Control category 4 PL e to ISO 13849-1 possible.



Fig. 14

The connection of magnetic safety switches to the SRB 200EXi-1R safety-monitoring module is only admitted when the requirements of the standard IEC 60947-5-3 are observed.

As the technical data are regarded, the following minimum requirements must be met:

Fig. 15

- switching capacity: min. 500 mW
- switching voltage: min. 33.6 VDC
- switching current: min. 57 mA



#### 8.4 Actuator configuration

#### Single-channel control with feedback circuit (Fig. 16)

- Suitable for increase in capacity or number of contacts by means of contactors or relays with positive-quided contacts.
- · If the feedback circuit is not required, establish a bridge.

#### Dual-channel control with feedback circuit (see Fig. 17)

- Suitable for increase in capacity or number of contacts by means of contactors or relays with positive-quided contacts.
- · If the feedback circuit is not required, establish a bridge.

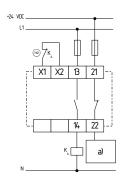


Fig. 16
a) Control
= Feedback circuit

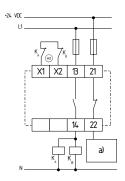


Fig. 17
a) Control
= Feedback circuit

#### 9. Electrical apparatus

Intrinsically safe apparatus can be installed directly in Zone 1, 21, 2 or 22 and have a corresponding certificate from a designated body, e.g. TÜV, or are simple electrical equipment.

Please compare the Ex data of the SRB 101 EXi-1A on page 3 with the desired intrinsically safety apparatus for evidence of intrinsic safety.



Only the intrinsically safe current circuit of the SRB 200EXi-1R must be wired to the electrical apparatus.

#### Requirements for the intrinsically safe current circuit:

The enclosures have at least protection class IP 54 (IEC 60529) for gas, IP6X for dust (IP5X in case of non-conductive dusts in Zone 22).



According to EN 60079-11 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-11), the following must be observed for the installation: a distance of  $\geq 6$  mm must be observed between the terminals of the intrinsically safe current circuits and other intrinsically safe current circuits. Between the terminals of the intrinsically safe current circuits and other, non-intrinsically safe current circuits, a distance of  $\geq 50$  mm must be observed.

#### 9.1 Intrinsically safe apparatus

Intrinsically safe apparatus is designated as such, Example designation in accordance with IECEx: Ex ib IIC T6 Gb

Devices that can be used as intrinsically safe apparatus: Command and signalling devices from the Schmersal product portfolio

- EX-T.454
- EX-BS655
- EX-RS655
- EX-ZQ 900

#### 9.2 Simple electrical apparatus

An assessment of simple electrical apparatus must be executed according to EN 60079-11 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-11).

As simple electrical apparatus within the meaning of intrinsic safety do not represent a potential source of ignition, the Directive 2014/34/ EU is not applicable. To demonstrate the intrinsic safety according to EN 60079-14 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-14), a declaration of the manufacturer therefore can be used.

The devices classified as simple electrical apparatus can be used in the Zones 1 / 2 and 21 / 22.

Simple electrical apparatus do not require Ex designation.

On the basis of a valid declaration of the manufacturer with an assessment as simple electrical apparatus, amongst others, the following devices from K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG can be used:

#### Reset button

EX-RDT...

EX-RDM...

#### **Emergency stop control devices**

EX-RDRZ...

#### Interlocking equipment

(EX-)AZ 16-...

(EX-)AZ 415-... (EX-)AZ 3350-...

(EX-)Z/T 235-...

(EX-)Z/T 335-...

## Safety sensors

(EX-)BN 20-...

(EX-)BNS 33-...\*

(EX-)BNS 120-...

(EX-)BNS 180-... (EX-)BNS 250-...

(EX-)BNS 303-...\*

\* however version without LED

#### 9.3 Guidelines for installation

EN 60079-14 (ABTN NBR IEC 60079-14):

Use in explosive-endangered areas of Zones 1 / 2 and explosive-endangered areas due to the presence of dust Zones 21 / 22. (Category 2GD and 3GD according to ATEX directives)

For reset buttons, emergency stop command devices, interlocking devices and magnetic safety switches, the following is applicable:

Instructions for the installation:

 The risk of mechanical damage to the simple electrical apparatus must be observed depending on the place of installation. Additional measures to provide for a mechanical protection are useful, for instance when a potential difference through the earth wire can occur due to damage.

Technical data in the intrinsically safe current circuit:

- Voltage U₀: 33.6 V
- Current I₀: 57 mA
- Capacity P<sub>o</sub>: 479 mW (linear characteristic)
- $\bullet$  C $_{\!\scriptscriptstyle o}$  capacity: refer to the table with Ex-relevant data
- Lo inductivity: refer to the table with Ex-relevant data

#### Cable/wire (example):

- A mechanical protection for the cable(s) must be provided.
- The cable(s) must be separated from other, non-intrinsically safe current circuits.

### 10. EU Declaration of conformity

## **EU** Declaration of conformity

**9** SCHMERSAL

K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG Original

Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal Germany

Internet: www.schmersal.com

We hereby certify that the hereafter described components both in their basic design and construction conform to the applicable European Directives.

Name of the component: SRB 200EXi-1R

Type: see ordering code

Marking:

(a) II (2) G [Ex ib Gb] IIC 2) (a) D [Ex ib Db] IIIC 2)

Description of the component: Safety-monitoring module for emergency stop circuits and guard

**Relevant Directives:** Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

**EMC-Directive** 2014/30/EU Explosion Protection Directive (ATEX) 2014/34/EU RoHS-Directive 2011/65/EU

<sup>1) 2)</sup> EN 60079-0:2012 + A11:2013 Applied standards:

EN 60079-11:2012 EN 60079-15:2010

EN 60947-5-1:2004 + AC:2005 + A1:2009

EN ISO 13849-1:2015 EN ISO 13849-2:2012

Notified body for the prototype test: TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

Am Grauen Stein, 51105 Köln

ID n°: 0035

Certificate number: 01 220 4316/06 1) 2)

Humal

EC- test certificate: TÜV 08 ATEX 7522 TÜV 08 ATEX 7557 X

Person authorised for the compilation

of the technical documentation:

Oliver Wacker Möddinghofe 30

42279 Wuppertal

Place and date of issue: Wuppertal, November 4, 2019

> Authorised signature Philip Schmersal Managing Director

SRB200EXi-1R-G-DE

The currently valid declaration of conformity can be downloaded from the internet at www.schmersal.net.





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